

# Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

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### Florentini Dominii, Fidelissima et Nova Descriptio Auctore D. Stephano Monacho Montisoliveti

Stock#:	82088
Map Maker:	Ortelius / Vrients

Date:	1603
Place:	Antwerp
Color:	Hand Colored
<b>Condition:</b>	VG+
Size:	18.5 x 13.5 inches

Price: SOLD



#### **Description:**

#### With The Medici Coat of Arms

Finely colored example of this scarce map of the "Florentine Dominion," published by JB Vrients in the posthumous editions of Abraham Ortelius's **Theatrum Orbis Terrarum** from 1603 to 1612. This fine work offers a captivating window into the geographical and political landscape of the Florentine Dominion during a transformative period in its history.

The very heart of the map is Florence, an iconic symbol of the Renaissance, art, and culture. Surrounded by the territories of Liguria, the Apennine Mountains, the States of Bologna, Luca, Siena, the state of the Church and Umbria, this map exudes a sense of grandeur, intricately detailing the significant landmarks and topographies of the region. The inclusion of the Medici Coat of arms at the top emphasizes the Medici family's dominating influence over Florence and its territories during this period.

The presence of the sailing ships, especially along the Mediterranean coastline, reflects Florence's economic ambitions. Though Florence itself is not a coastal city, its access to the port in Livorno underlines its maritime pursuits and endeavors to be a dominant player in global trade. These ships symbolize Florence's economic prowess, a nod to the burgeoning trade routes and maritime networks that connected Europe to other parts of the world.

The origins of the map trace back to Stefano Buonsignori's map from 1584, engraved by Domenico Vito. This connection, along with the communications between Marcarius and Ortelius, lends an insight into the



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intricate networks of knowledge transfer, cartography, and scholarly exchange that marked the Renaissance era.

To understand the context of this map, a brief delve into the history of the Florentine Dominion during the second half of the 16th and the first quarter of the 17th century is crucial.

The Medici family, who were originally bankers, rose to prominence in Florence in the 15th century. By the second half of the 16th century, the Medici had solidified their control over Florence, transforming it from a republic into a hereditary dukedom. Cosimo I de' Medici (1519-1574) played a pivotal role in this transformation. Under his reign, the Florentine state expanded its territories, acquiring regions like Siena in 1557.

The late 16th century witnessed the reign of Francesco I and Ferdinando I. Both these rulers continued the policies of Cosimo, consolidating Medici power, fostering the arts, and reinforcing Florence as a major economic power. This era saw Florence emerge as a nexus of culture, with the patronage of artists, architects, and scholars. The Medici's deep ties to the Papacy further enhanced their influence across the Italian peninsula.

As the 17th century began, Florence, under the Medici rule, experienced both peaks and troughs. While the city remained a hub for art and culture, challenges in the form of economic downturns, plagues, and political intrigue began to emerge. The early 17th century, in particular, witnessed a decline in the Medici's political power, though their patronage of the arts continued.

In essence, the "Florentini Dominii" map is more than just a geographical representation; it's a symbol of the Florentine Dominion's cultural, economic, and political aspirations at a crucial juncture in its history. Through this map, one can trace the ebbs and flows of a region that, despite challenges, stood as a beacon of humanism, trade, and innovation.

#### **Detailed Condition:**

Latin text on verso. Wide margins. Clear tape on upper margin on verso.