



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard
La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500
blr@raremaps.com

The Turkish Empire in Europe, Asia and Africa, Divided into all its Governments, together with the other Territories that are Tributary to it, as also the Dominions of the Emperor of Marocco . . .

Stock#: 54626
Map Maker: Moll
Date: 1730 circa
Place: London
Color: Hand Colored
Condition: VG
Size: 40 x 24 inches
Price: SOLD



Description:

Impressive Large-Format Map of the Ottoman Empire with Picturesque Views

Striking large-format map of the Ottoman Empire by Herman Moll, one of England's leading map makers at the beginning of the eighteenth century.

This highly-detailed map includes views of Constantinople, Smyrna, four views of Jerusalem, and a vast amount of annotated information focused on contemporary British trade, religious and political interests.

Areas on this map are shown in relation to degrees of Ottoman control: ruled by the Ottomans, a tributary state with a Basha (Pasha), or an allied state (such as Little Tartary). The European continent is full of remarks on famous battles (current and historic) between Ottoman forces and Europeans, regaling viewers with fascinating information.

The map is dedicated to Thomas Vernon, who served a significant role in European-Ottoman trade as a Commissioner of Trade and Plantations. The dedication is centered along the lower margin in a whimsical cartouche, decorated with flourishes and topped with a boar's head. At the righthand corner is a small decorative compass rose, just inside the graticule frame. Longitude is communicated in degrees both "East from Ferro Island" (bottom) and "East from London" (top).

The tone of this map's annotations reveals the European attitude toward the Ottoman Empire as both an economic and territorial threat. This map was first published in 1714, at a time when Ottoman forces were at war with Russia (1710–1711), Venice (1714–1718), and Austria (1716–1718). They were fighting to regain their former broad territorial reach in Europe.



**The Turkish Empire in Europe, Asia and Africa, Divided into all its Governments,
together with the other Territories that are Tributary to it, as also the Dominions of the
Emperor of Morocco . . .**

Trade is another major subject for this map. Egypt is where “the Turk makes himself master of all the Ports of the Red Sea,” with surrounding areas marked as rich in corn and luxury goods and excellent for trade. Significant ports are all marked, as are the notable goods from specific cities: Mocha in the Arabian Peninsula is noted as providing coffee to Britain, and the Moroccan territory contains notes on lions from Segelmesse and Turkish Red Dye from Tarodant. Viewers will note numerous rich details on goods and trading included throughout this expansive map.

Religion is discussed in several notes, whether to mark religious landmarks (Jerusalem as “much resorted to by Christian pilgrims” and Mecca and Medina as the site of major pilgrimage for Muslims) or to discuss the oppression of Christians in Ottoman-held territory. The North African coast is annotated with information about Christian slavery and battles to defeat Turkish and North African forces and free Christian slaves.

The four large inset views of Jerusalem focus on the holy city’s religious sites. The top view titled “A Draught of the City of Jerusalem, as it is now, taken from the South East by Corneille Le Bruyn” is a beautiful landscape of the city and its surrounds with 25 features labeled, including churches, boroughs, ancient gates, and other sites of interest.

Below the main view are three views focused on the Church of the Holy Sepulchre, created by J. Harris. These views show the architecture and surroundings of the church, and also impart detail from inside, such as the “44 silver lamps” donated by world rulers.

Ottoman control of the holy city is contested through labels such as “St. John’s Church, at present a Turkish Mosque” and “A Turkish Mosque...built on the same ground where Solomon’s Temple Stood”.

A view titled “Plan of Constantinople” is included at top left of this map, marking ports, towers, cannons, and major sites. The Ottoman seat of power is shown from a far-off birds-eye perspective and drawn from the European side of the city.

The final inset, at top right, is a pleasing illustration showing Turkish vessels in a tranquil harbor abutting mountainous, verdant land. Now known as Izmir, Smyrna was founded in antiquity by the Greeks and remained throughout history a strategic port on the Aegean coast of the Anatolian peninsula.

This informative and impressive large format map of the Turkish Ottoman Empire, complete with fine detail and stunning illustrative views, is an excellent example of Herman Moll’s respected cartography. It also effectively shows English and European views of the Ottoman Empire in the eighteenth century.



**Barry Lawrence Ruderman
Antique Maps Inc.**

7407 La Jolla Boulevard
La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500
blr@raremaps.com

**The Turkish Empire in Europe, Asia and Africa, Divided into all its Governments,
together with the other Territories that are Tributary to it, as also the Dominions of the
Emperor of Marocco . . .**

Detailed Condition:

Marginal repairs, with a bit of repair reinforcement at lower centerfold.