

Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

North Central New Mexico. Atlas Sheet No. 69(D) [Shows Taos and Santa Fe!]

Stock#: 48478 Map Maker: Wheeler

Date: 1876 circa Place: Washington

Color: Color **Condition:** VG+

Size: 20 x 18 inches

Price: SOLD



Description:

Detailed topographical map showing north central New Mexico, with Taos in the upper right and Santa Fe in the lower right.

Shows towns, roads, mountains, rivers, lakes, hydrographical details, etc.

This sheet was issued on April 26th 1876.

The map was generated during the Wheeler Survey. The Wheeler Survey was a survey of a portion of the United States lying west of the 100th meridian. It comprised multiple expeditions, and was supervised by First Lieutenant (later Captain) George Montague Wheeler. The survey team included Lieutenant (later Brigadier General) Montgomery M. Macomb.

Wheeler led early expeditions from 1869 to 1871 in the west, and in 1872 the US Congress authorized an ambitious plan to map the portion of the United States west of the 100th meridian, at a scale of 8 miles to the inch. This plan necessitated what became known as the Wheeler Survey. The survey's main goal was to make topographic maps of the southwestern United States.

In addition, Wheeler's survey was undertaken to ascertain everything related to the physical features of the region; discover the numbers, habits, and disposition of Indians in the section; select sites for future military installations; determine facilities available for making rail or common roads; and note mineral resources, climate, geology, vegetation, water sources, and agricultural potential.



Barry Lawrence Ruderman Antique Maps Inc.

7407 La Jolla Boulevard La Jolla, CA 92037

www.raremaps.com

(858) 551-8500 blr@raremaps.com

North Central New Mexico. Atlas Sheet No. 69(D) [Shows Taos and Santa Fe!]

The Wheeler Survey lasted until 1879, when the survey, along with the King and Powell Surveys, were terminated and their work was reorganized as the United States Geological Survey.

Detailed Condition:

Light toning at old folds.